MINISTRY OF HEALTH OF UKRAINE

ODESA NATIONAL MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

Department of Medical Biology and Chemistry

OPOHICONFIRMED by

ice recordior scientific and pedagogical work

Eduard BURIACHKIVSKYI

WORKING PROGRAM IN THE DISCIPLINE "BIOCHEMISTRY OF RATIONAL NUTRITION AND ESSENTIAL NUTRIENTS"

Level of higher education: second (master's degree)

Field of knowledge: 22 «Health care»

Specialty: 222 «Medicine»

Educational and professional program: Medicine

The working program is compiled on the basis of the educational and professional program "Medicine" for the training of specialists of the second (master's) level of higher education in the specialty 222"Medicine" of the field of knowledge 22 "Health care", approved by the Academic Council of ONMedU (minutes No. 10 dated 27.06.2024).

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Minutes No1_ dated 26.08 2024.
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1. Description of the academic discipline:

Name of indicators	Field of knowledge, specialty, specialization, level of higher education	Characteristics of the academic discipline
Total number:	Branch of knowledge 22 "Health care"	Full-time education Compulsory discipline
Credits of ECTS: 3	Specialty	Year of training: 4 Semesters VIII
Hours: 90	222 "Medicine"	Lectures (0 hours)
Content modules: 1	Level of higher education second (master's)	Seminars (0 hours) Practical (30 hours) Laboratory (0 hours) Independent work (60 hours)
		including individual tasks (0 hours) Form of final control - credit

2. The purpose and tasks of the educational discipline, competences, program learning outcomes.

Goal: the formation of students of a complete system of knowledge about high- and low-molecular essential nutrients, their structures, metabolism and functional impact on the human body.

Task: familiarize with the peculiarities of the metabolism of vitamins, essential fatty acids and amino acids; to acquire the fundamental knowledge necessary for the interpretation of the results of detection of abnormalities in the functioning of one or more organs; teach to characterize the involvement of vitamins and other nutrients in the development, progression and correction of pathological processes; evaluate the reserve of functional capabilities of the body.

The process of studying the discipline is aimed at forming elements of the following competencies:

• Integral:

The ability to solve complex tasks and problems in a certain field of professional activity or in the learning process, which involves conducting research and/or implementing innovations and is characterized by the complexity and uncertainty of conditions and requirements.

• General (GC):

- GC1– Ability to abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis.
- GC2 -Ability to learn and master modern knowledge.
- GC3 Ability to apply knowledge in practical situations.
- GC4 -Knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of professional activity.
- GC7 Ability to work in a team.
- GC10 Ability to use information and communication technologies.
- GC11 Ability to search, process and analyze information from various sources.
- GC16 Ability to evaluate and ensure the quality of the work performed
- GC 17 Efforts to preserve the environment.

• Special (SC):

SC 2 -Ability to determine the necessary list of laboratory and instrumental studies and evaluate

their results.

- SC 17 Ability to assess the impact of the environment, socio-economic and biological determinants on the state of health of an individual, family, population.
- SC 23 Ability to develop and implement scientific and applied projects in the field of health care.
- SC24 –Adherence to ethical principles when working with patients and laboratory animals.
- SC25 Adherence to professional and academic integrity, to bear responsibility for the reliability of the obtained scientific results.
- SC 28 Ability to apply fundamental biomedical knowledge at a level sufficient to perform professional tasks in the field of health care.

Program learning outcomes (PLO):

- PLO1 Have thorough knowledge of the structure of professional activity. To be able to carry out professional activities that require updating and integration of knowledge. To be responsible for professional development, the ability for further professional training with a high level of autonomy.
- PLO2 Understanding and knowledge of fundamental and clinical biomedical sciences, at a level sufficient for solving professional tasks in the field of health care.
- PLO3 Specialized conceptual knowledge, which includes scientific achievements in the field of health care and is the basis for conducting research, critical understanding of problems in the field of medicine and related interdisciplinary problems, including the system of early intervention.
- PLO21 Search for the necessary information in the professional literature and databases of other sources, analyze, evaluate and apply this information.
- PLO23 Assess the impact of the environment on the state of human health to assess the state of morbidity of the population.
- PLO24 To organize the necessary level of individual safety (own and the persons they care about) in case of typical dangerous situations in the individual field of activity.

As a result of studying the academic discipline, the student of higher education must: Know:

- chemical structure and chemical properties of essential macro- and micronutrients;
- processes of metabolic transformations of vitamins, quasi-vitamins, essential amino and fatty acids;
- the main metabolic pathways of essential macro- and micronutrients and the key mechanisms regulating these pathways;
- biochemical mechanisms and regularities of their metabolic and regulatory role in human cells and tissues;
- characteristics of pathologies, the development of which is associated with a deficiency of macro- and micronutrients, the toxicity of these compounds and general metabolic disorders.

Be able:

- to classify essential nutrients and their metabolically active forms according to the structure and nature of functional activity;
- analyze and interpret molecular mechanisms of metabolic activity of vitamins, essential amino acids, ω-3 fatty acids;
- use acquired theoretical knowledge to set and solve practical tasks;
- to diagnose the state of biological systems based on the results of the study of organisms at different levels of the organization;
- analyze biological phenomena and processes at the molecular, cellular, organismal, populationspecies and biosphere levels from the point of view of fundamental general scientific knowledge, as well as using special modern research methods.

3. Content of the academic discipline

Content module 1.

Biochemistry of rational nutrition and essential nutrients

Topic 1. Nutritional biochemistry. Food components.

Anatomical and physiological basis of nutrition. Nutritional biochemistry as a science. Components of human nutrition. The needs of the human body in nutritional compounds. Essential nutrients, phytonutrients, antinutrients. Micronutrients. Nutritional value of trace elements. Nutrition of the population as a component of public health.

Topic 2. Biochemical aspects of the regulation of eating behavior and digestive processes.

Biochemical basis of digestion and absorption of nutrients. Biochemical bases of regulation of human eating behavior. The concept of nutritional genomics.

Topic 3. Carbohydrates as components of food and their role in the formation of health.

Biological role of carbohydrates in human nutrition. The main carbohydrate components of food. The main metabolic ways of using carbohydrates as the main source of energy. Peculiarities of carbohydrate metabolism in normal and pathological conditions.

Topic 4.Lipids as components of food and their role in the formation of health.

Biological role of lipids in human nutrition. The main lipid components of food. Peculiarities of lipid metabolism in normal and pathological conditions. Integrative mechanisms of functioning of ω -3 fatty acids and mitochondria. Fatty acid profile of nutrition. Unsaturated fatty acids: vital or toxic.

Topic 5.Proteins as components of food and their role in the formation of health.

Biological role of proteins in human nutrition. The concept of "complete protein". Nitrogen balance in normal and pathological conditions. Metabolism of essential amino acids. Integrated index of essential amino acids. Prediction of the biological value of proteins.

Topic 6. Water-soluble vitamins as components of human nutrition. Bioflavonoids. Nutritional supplements.

Water-soluble vitamins. Distribution and daily requirement of water-soluble vitamins. Features of absorption, transportation and chemical modifications of water-soluble vitamins in the human body. Biochemical bases of vitamin interventions in correcting the functioning of the methionine cycle. Experimental contradictions in the use of vitamin preparations.

Topic 7. Fat-soluble vitamins as components of human nutrition.

Fat-soluble vitamins. Distribution and daily need of fat-soluble vitamins. Features of absorption, transportation and chemical modifications of fat-soluble vitamins in the human body. Violation of the balance of vitamins in the body.

Topic 8.Micro- and macroelements as components human nutrition.

The concept ofmicro- and macroelements, their biological activity. The role of the main macronutrients in human nutrition. Daily need. The role of basic trace elements in human nutrition. Daily need. Pathological conditions associated with a lack of macro- and microelements in the body. Water and drinking mode.

Topic 9. Biochemical aspects of dietetics depending on age.

The role of balanced nutrition in the formation and strengthening of health'I (rational nutrition, diet, composition and calculation of the daily ration). Peculiarities of rational nutrition depending on age (children, teenagers, the elderly). Deficiencies in the nutrition of modern man.

Topic 10. Biochemical aspectsnutrition of athletes.

Peculiarities of rational nutrition depending on the type of activity (people with mental work, physical work, athletes). Principles of rational nutrition. Dependence of the body's energy needs on the work performed. The role of individual chemical components of food in ensuring muscle activity. Types of diets.

Topic 11.General characteristics of dietetics and dietetics.

Peculiarities of food preparation when dieting. Basic food products that are not used in diet therapy. Calculation of body weight, value in the conditions of diet therapy. Excess weight, causes of development, features of choosing a diet for weight loss. Types of diet therapy for overweight, meaning.

Topic 12. Peculiarities of medical and dietary nutrition in restoring health.

Food supplements and their impact on health'I. Diseases transmitted through food (food poisoning, dysentery, botulism, brucellosis, viral hepatitis A, trichinellosis and other helminths). Non-traditional types of nutrition (raw food, vegetarianism, nutrition depending on blood group) and their impact on health formation. Unloading diets. Peculiarities of separate nutrition, its role in shaping human health.

Topic 13.Diet for various diseases.

Nutrition for chronic diseases of the stomach with normal and increased acidity, for peptic ulcer disease of the stomach and duodenum, with secretory insufficiency, for chronic inflammation of the intestines (colitis, enterocolitis). Constipation of food origin in order to strengthen the motor function of the intestines. Diet for chronic diseases of the liver and gall bladder, gout and uric acid diathesis. Principles of diet for cardiovascular pathology, kidney diseases (nephritis, pyelonephritis, pyelocystitis, etc.), diabetes.

Topic 14. Nutrition as an element of public health.

Public health and the importance of nutrition. The influence of nutrition on the state of population health. Individual nutrition as a component of social. National food pyramid. Food safety. Genetically modified products and organisms.

Final control of knowledge: credit.

4. The structure of the academic discipline

	Number of hours					
Names of topics	That's	including				
	all	lectures	seminars	practical	laboratory	SRS
		Content	module 1.			
Metabo	olic transfo	rmations	in the body	during patho	ology	
Topic 1. Nutritional						
biochemistry. Food	6	0	0	2	0	4
components						
Topic 2. Biochemical						
aspects of the						
regulation of eating 6		0	0	2	0	4
behavior and digestive						
processes						
Topic 3. Carbohydrates	6	0	0	2.	0	1
as components of food	0	U	U	2	U	+

and their role in the						
formation of health.						
Topic 4. Lipids as						
components of food	6	0	0	2	0	4
and their role in the		U	O	2	U	
formation of health						
Topic 5. Proteins as						
components of food	6	0	0	2	0	4
and their role in the	0	U	U	2	U	4
formation of health						
Topic 6. Water-soluble						
vitamins as						
components of human						
nutrition.	6	0	0	2	0	4
Bioflavonoids.						
Nutritional						
supplements						
Topic 7. Fat-soluble						
vitamins as			•		6	
components of human	6	0	0	2	0	4
nutrition						
Topic 8. Micro- and						
macroelementsas						
componentshuman	6	0	0	2	0	4
nutrition						
Topic 9.Biochemical						
aspects of	6	0	0	2	0	4
dieteticsdepending on						
age. Topic 10. Biochemical						
_	6	0	0	2	0	4
aspectsnutrition of	6	U	U	2	Ü	4
athletes						
Topic 11.General		0	0	2	0	4
characteristics of	6	0	0	2	0	4
dietetics and dietetics						
Topic 12. Peculiarities						
of medical and dietary	6	0	0	2	0	4
nutrition in restoring	-		-		-	
health						
Topic 13.Diet for	6	0	0	2	0	4
various diseases					<u> </u>	
Topic 14. Nutrition as	_		•	_		
an element of public	6 0		0 0	2	0	4
health						
Together according to	rding to 48 0		0	16	0	32
content module 1	ontent module 1		U	10	<u> </u>	32
Final control of	6	0	0	2	0	4
knowledge: credit.	knowledge: credit.					4
Individual tasks						
Only hours	0	0	0	30	0	0

5.1. Topics of lectures

Lectures are not provided.

5.2. Topics of seminar classes

Seminar classes are not provided.

5.3. Topics of practical classes

No	Topic name	How
		many
		hours?
1.	Topic 1. Practical lesson 1. Anatomical and physiological basis of nutrition. Nutritional biochemistry as a science. Components of human nutrition. The needs of the human body in nutritional compounds. Essential nutrients, phytonutrients, antinutrients. Micronutrients. Nutritional value of trace elements. Nutrition of the population as a component of public health.	2
2.	Topic 2. Practical lesson 2. Biochemical basis of digestion and absorption of nutrients.Biochemical bases of regulation of human eating behavior. The concept of nutritional genomics	2
3.	Topic 3. Practical lesson 3. Biological role of carbohydrates in human nutrition. The main carbohydrate components of food. The main metabolic ways of using carbohydrates as the main source of energy. Peculiarities of carbohydrate metabolism in normal and pathological conditions	2
4.	Topic 4. Practical lesson 4. Biological role of lipids in human nutrition. The main lipid components of food. Peculiarities of lipid metabolism in normal and pathological conditions. Integrative mechanisms of functioning of ω-3 fatty acids and mitochondria. Fatty acid profile of nutrition. Unsaturated fatty acids: vital or toxic.	2
5.	Topic 5. Practical lesson 5. Biological role of proteins in human nutrition. The concept of "complete protein". Nitrogen balance in normal and pathological conditions. Metabolism of essential amino acids. Integrated index of essential amino acids. Prediction of the biological value of proteins.	2
6.	Topic 6. Practical lesson 6. Water-soluble vitamins. Distribution and daily requirement of water-soluble vitamins. Features of absorption, transportation and chemical modifications of water-soluble vitamins in the human body. Biochemical bases of vitamin interventions in correcting the functioning of the methionine cycle. Experimental contradictions in the use of vitamin preparations.	2
7.	Topic 7. Practical lesson 7. Fat-soluble vitamins. Distribution and daily need of fat-soluble vitamins. Features of absorption, transportation and chemical modifications of fat-soluble vitamins in the human body. Violation of the balance of vitamins in the body.	2
8.	Topic 8. Practical lesson 8. The concept ofmicro- and macroelements, their biological activity. The role of the main macronutrients in human nutrition. Daily need. The role of basic trace elements in human nutrition. Daily need. Pathological conditions associated with a lack of macro- and microelements in the body. Water and	2

	drinking mode.	
9.	Topic 9. Practical lesson 9.	2
	The role of balanced nutrition in the formation and strengthening of health'I	
	(rational nutrition, diet, composition and calculation of the daily ration).	
	Peculiarities of rational nutrition depending on age (children, teenagers, the	
	elderly). Deficiencies in the nutrition of modern man.	
10.	Topic 10. Practical lesson 10.	2
	Peculiarities of rational nutrition depending on the type of activity (people	
	with mental work, physical work, athletes). Principles of rational nutrition.	
	Dependence of the body's energy needs on the work performed. The role of	
	individual chemical components of food in ensuring muscle activity. Types of	
	diets.	
11.	Topic 11. Practical lesson 11.	2
	Peculiarities of food preparation when dieting. Basic food products that are	
	not used in diet therapy. Calculation of body weight, value in the conditions	
	of diet therapy. Excess weight, causes of development, features of choosing a	
10	diet for weight loss. Types of diet therapy for overweight, meaning.	2
12.	Topic 12. Practical lesson 12.	2
	Food supplements and their impact on health'I. Diseases transmitted through	
	food (food poisoning, dysentery, botulism, brucellosis, viral hepatitis A,	
	trichinellosis and other helminths). Non-traditional types of nutrition (raw	
	food, vegetarianism, nutrition depending on blood group) and their impact on health formation. Unloading diets. Peculiarities of separate nutrition, its role in	
	shaping human health.	
13.	Topic 13. Practical lesson 13.	2
13.	Nutrition for chronic diseases of the stomach with normal and increased	2
	acidity, for peptic ulcer disease of the stomach and duodenum, with secretory	
	insufficiency, for chronic inflammation of the intestines (colitis,	
	enterocolitis). Constipation of food origin in order to strengthen the motor	
	function of the intestines. Diet for chronic diseases of the liver and gall	
	bladder, gout and uric acid diathesis. Principles of diet for cardiovascular	
	pathology, kidney diseases (nephritis, pyelonephritis, pyelocystitis, etc.),	
	diabetes.	
14.	Topic 14. Practical lesson 14.	2
	Public health and the importance of nutrition. The influence of nutrition on	
	the state of population health. Individual nutrition as a component of social.	
	National food pyramid. Food safety. Genetically modified products and	
	organisms.	
15.	Practical lesson 15.	2
	Final control of knowledge: credit.	
	Together	30

5.4. Topics of laboratory classes

Laboratory classes are not provided.

6. Independent work of a student of higher education

No	Title of the topic / types of tasks	How
		many
		hours?
1.	Topic 1. Preparation for practical lesson 1	4

2.	Topic 2. Preparation for practical class 2	4
3.	Topic 3. Preparation for practical class 3	4
4.	Topic 4. Preparation for practical class 4	4
5.	Topic 5. Preparation for practical class 5	4
6.	Topic 6. Preparation for practical lesson 6	4
7.	Topic 7. Preparation for practical lesson 7	4
8.	Topic 8. Preparation for practical class 8	4
9.	Topic 9. Preparation for practical lesson 9	4
10.	Topic 10. Preparation for practical lesson 10	4
11.	Topic 11. Preparation for practical class 11	4
12.	Topic 12. Preparation for practical lesson 12	4
13.	Topic 13. Preparation for practical lesson 13	4
14.	Topic 14. Preparation for practical lesson 14	4
15.	Preparation for practical class 15	4
	Together	60

7. Teaching methods

Practical training:conversation, discussion of problem situations, role-playing games, practical works; solving situational problemsclinical tasks, drawing up graphic schemes, writing tasks, individual control interview.

Independent work:independent work with recommended basic and additional literature, with electronic information resources.

8. Forms of control and assessment methods (including criteria for evaluating learning outcomes)

Current control: oral survey, testing, control of learning practical skills, solving situational clinical tasks, assessment of activity in class.

Final control: credit

Credit is carried out in the last class after the end of the practical classes before the beginning of the examination session

The structure of the current assessment in the practical session:

- 1. Evaluation of theoretical knowledge on the subject of the lesson:
- methods: survey, written work, solving a situational problem, solving test problems;
- the maximum score is 5, the minimum score is 3, the unsatisfactory score is 2.
- 2. Assessment of the acquisition of practical skills:
- methods: methods: survey, solving a situational problem, solving test problems.

Current assessment criteria for practical training:

"5"	The acquirer is fluent in the material, takes an active part in discussing and solving the situational problem, knows how to determine the main biochemical indicators in biological objects and give them a medical (medical-biological) assessment.
"4"	The acquirer has a good command of the material, takes part in the discussion and solution of the situational problem, knows how to determine the main biochemical indicators in biological objects and give them a medical and biological assessment, but allows some insignificant mistakes (inaccuracies) in answering questions.

"3"	The acquirer does not have sufficient knowledge of the material, takes part in the
	discussion and solution of the situational problem without confidence, makes
	mistakes when explaining the laws of human metabolism.
"2"	The acquirer does not know the material, does not take part in the discussion and
	solution of the situational clinical problem, has significant gaps in the knowledge
	of the program material, makes fundamental mistakes when explaining the laws of
	human metabolism, does not have the necessary practical skills.

Credit is given to the applicant who completed all tasks of the work program of the academic discipline, took an active part in practical classes, completed and defended an individual assignment and has an average current grade of at least 3.0 and has no academic debt.

Test is carried out: at the last lesson before the beginning of the examination session - with the tape system of learning, at the last lesson - with the cyclical system of learning. The credit score is the arithmetic mean of all components on a traditional four-point scale and has a value that is rounded using the statistical method with two decimal places after the decimal point.

9. Distribution of points received by applicants of higher education

The obtained average score for the academic discipline for applicants who have successfully mastered the work program of the academic discipline is converted from a traditional four-point scale to points on a 200-point scale, as shown in the table:

Conversion table of a traditional assessment into a multi-point scale

Traditional four-point scale	Multipoint 200-point scale
Excellent ("5")	185 - 200
Good ("4")	151 - 184
Satisfactory ("3")	120-150
Unsatisfactory ("2")	Below 120

A multi-point scale (200-point scale) characterizes the actual success of each applicant in learning the educational component. The conversion of the traditional grade (average score for the academic discipline) into a 200-point grade is performed by the information and technical department of the University.

According to the obtained points on a 200-point scale, the achievements of the applicants are evaluated according to the ECTS rating scale. Further ranking according to the ECTS rating scale allows you to evaluate the achievements of applicants from the educational component who are studying in the same course of the same specialty, according to the points they received.

The ECTS scale is a relative-comparative rating, which establishes the applicant's belonging to the group of better or worse among the reference group of fellow applicants (faculty, specialty). An "A" grade on the ECTS scale cannot be equal to an "excellent" grade, a "B" grade to a "good" grade, etc. When converting from a multi-point scale, the limits of grades "A", "B", "C", "D", "E" according to the ECTS scale do not coincide with the limits of grades "5", "4", "3" according to the traditional scale. Acquirers who have received grades of "FX" and "F" ("2") are not included in the list of ranked acquirers. The grade "FX" is awarded to applicants who have obtained the minimum number of points for the current learning activity, but who have not passed the final examination. A grade of "F" is assigned to applicants who have attended all classes in the discipline, but have not achieved a grade point average (3.00) for the current academic activity and are not admitted to the final examination.

Applicants who study in one course (one specialty), based on the number of points scored in the discipline, are ranked on the ECTS scale as follows:

scale

Evaluation on the ECTS scale	Statistical indicator
A	Top 10% achievers
В	The next 25% of earners
С	The next 30% of earners
D	The next 25% of earners
Е	The next 10% of earners

10. Methodological support

- Working program in the discipline
- Syllabus
- Methodological recommendations for the practical classes in the discipline
- Methodological recommendations for the individual work of higher education applicants
- Multimedia presentations
- Situational tasks
- Tests on the theme

11. Questions for preparing for the final control

- Creation of schemes:mechanism of digestion in different parts of the gastrointestinal tract.
- Creation of schemes:the content of necessary substances in the daily diet;
- Create a scheme:nutritional features, depending on blood groups.
- Create a scheme:causes contributing to the development of diseases of the digestive organs.
- Create a scheme:types of detoxification and body cleansing systems.
- Create a scheme:principles of rational nutrition.

12. Recommended literature

- 1. Gubsky Yu.I., I.V. Nizhenkovska, Korda M.M. Biological and Bioorganic Chemistry: in 2 books. Book 2. Biological Chemistry: textbook. 2021. 544 p.
- 2. Satyanarayana U. Biochemistry. 5th edition. India 2020. 777 p.
- 3. Lehninger. Principles of Biochemistry. 7th edition. NY, United States. 2017.
- 4. Jeremy M. Berg, John L. Tymoczko, Gregory J. Gatto. Biochemistry. 8th Revised edition. 2015.
- 5. Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Biochemistry. Philadelphia: Wolters Kluwer, 2017. 560 p.
- 6. Baynes J., Dominiczak M. Medical Biochemistry. 5th Edition. Elsevier, 2018. 712 p.
- 7. Olivia Vanbergen, Gareth Wintle, Marek H. Dominiczak. Crash Course Metabolism and Nutrition. 5th Edition. Elsevier. 2019.
- 8. Carol Byrd-Bredbenner. Wardlaw's Perspectives in Nutrition 11 Edition. McGraw-Hill Education. 2019.

13. Electronic information resources

- 1. https://info.odmu.edu.ua/chair/biology/- materials of the Department of Medical Biology and Chemistry
- 2. http://libblog.odmu.edu.ua/ ONMedU library
- 3. https://moodle.odmu.edu.ua/login/index.php system of electronic testing and electronic journal of ONMedU

- 4. http://moz.gov.ua Ministry of Health of Ukraine
- 5. <u>www.who.int</u> World Health Organization
- 6. www.dec.gov.ua/mtd/home/ State Expert Center of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine
- 7. http://bma.org.uk British Medical Association
- 8. www.gmc-uk.org General Medical Council (GMC)
- 9. <u>www.bundesaerztekammer.de</u> German Medical Association