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# HEALTH MINISTRY OF UKRAINE Odesa National Medical University Department of infectious diseases



## WORK PROGRAM ON «Infectious diseases»

Level of higher education: second (master's)

Field of knowledge: 22 "Health care"

Specialty: 221 "Dentistry"

Educational and professional program: "Dentistry"

The program was made on the basis of the educational and professional program "Dentistry" of training specialists of the second (master's) level of higher education in the specialty 221 "Dentistry" of the field of knowledge 22 "Health care", approved by the Scientific Council of ONMedU (minutes № 10 from 27.06.2024).

Developers:
head of the department, PhD in Medicine, professor Chaban T.V.
The work program was approved at the meeting of the Department of Infectious Diseases Minutes No1 from "29"_cepnip 2024.
Head of the departmentTetiana CHABAN
Agreed with the guarantor of the EPP Anatoliy GULYUK
Approved by the subject cycle methodical commission for the rapeutic disciplines of ONMedU Minutes No1_ from "30" серпня 2024.
Head of the subject cycle methodical commission for therapeutic disciplines of ONMedU
Chouvely Olena VOLOSHYNA
Reviewed and approved at the meeting of the department
Minutes No of " " 20
Head of Department (signature) (First Name Surname)
(signature) (First Name Surname)
Reviewed and approved at the meeting of the department
Minutes No of "" 20
Head of Department(signature) (First Name Surname)

#### 1. Description of the academic discipline:

Name of the indicators	Field of knowledge, specialty, specialization, level of higher education	Characteristics of the academic discipline
The total number of:	Field of knowledge	Full-time study
	22 "Health care"	Mandatory discipline
Credits: 1		Year of training: 4
	Specialty	Semesters VII - VIII
Hours: 30	221 "Dentistry"	Lectures (4 hours)
		Seminars (0 hours)
Content	Level of higher education	Practical (14 hours)
modules: 4	second (master's)	Laboratory (0 hours)
		Self-student work (12 hours)
		including individual tasks (0 hours)
		The form of final control is credit

# 2. The purpose and tasks of the educational discipline, competences, program learning outcomes.

**Purpose:** Training of highly qualified specialists capable of using the acquired knowledge of infectious diseases in the process of further education and professional activity.

#### Tasks:

Formation of skills and abilities:

- identify the main clinical symptoms that form a characteristic syndrome in relation to the most common infectious diseases;
- establish a preliminary diagnosis of the most common infectious diseases (syndromal and etiological).

#### Improving skills:

- establishment and substantiation of the preliminary clinical diagnosis;
- planning of preventive and quarantine measures for the most common and particularly dangerous diseases;
- carry out clinical and laboratory differential diagnosis of various infectious diseases and infectious and non-infectious diseases;
- -interpret the results of specific examination methods in the presence of combined pathology infectious and non-infectious.

#### Mastering the skills:

- determine the tactics of managing patients with the most common infectious diseases;
- determine the tactics of hospitalization and isolation of infectious patients;
- diagnose emergency conditions and provide assistance at the pre-hospital stage;
- -demonstrate awareness of infectious diseases as weapons of mass destruction;
- predict the consequences of infectious diseases for human health.

The process of studying the discipline is aimed at forming elements of the following competencies:

### **Integral competence (IC):**

The ability to solve typical and complex specialized tasks and problems in the field of health care in the specialty "Dentistry", in professional activities or in the learning process, which involves conducting research and/or implementing innovations and is characterized by the complexity and uncertainty of conditions and requirements.

#### General (GC):

- GC2 Knowledge and understanding of the subject area and understanding of professional activity
- GC7 Ability to search, process and analyse information from various sources
- GC8 Ability to adapt and act in a new situation
- GC1 Ability to collect medical information about the patient and analyse clinical data.
- GC2 Ability to interpret the results of laboratory and instrumental studies
- GC3 Ability to diagnose: determine preliminary, clinical, final, concomitant diagnosis, emergency conditions.
- GC6 Ability to diagnose: determine the preliminary, clinical, final, concomitant diagnosis, emergency conditions.
- GC7 Ability to determine the tactics of managing patients with diseases of the organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region with concomitant somatic diseases
- GC8 Ability to determine the tactics of managing patients with diseases of the organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region with concomitant somatic diseases
- GC10 Ability to determine the tactics of managing patients with diseases of the organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region with concomitant somatic diseases
- GC13 Ability to determine the tactics of managing patients with diseases of the organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region with concomitant somatic diseases
- GC14 Ability to maintain regulatory medical records
- GC15 Ability to maintain regulatory medical records
- GC16 Ability to make decisions and act in compliance with the principle of inadmissibility of corruption and any manifestations of dishonesty

#### **Special (SC):**

- SC1 Ability to collect medical information about the patient and analyse clinical data.
- SC2 Ability to interpret the results of laboratory and instrumental studies
- SC3 Ability to diagnose: determine preliminary, clinical, final, concomitant diagnosis, emergency conditions.
- SC6 Ability to determine the rational mode of work, rest, diet in patients in the treatment of diseases of organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region.
- SC7 Ability to determine the tactics of managing patients with diseases of the organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial region with concomitant somatic diseases.
- SC8 Ability to perform medical and dental manipulations.
- SC10 Ability to organise and conduct medical evacuation measures.
- SC13 Ability to assess the impact of the environment on public health (individual, family, population).
- SC14 Ability to maintain regulatory medical records.
- SC15 Processing of state, social and medical information.
- SC16 Ability to organise and conduct rehabilitation and care for patients with diseases of the oral cavity and oral health care.

### **Program learning outcomes (PLO):**

- PLO2 Collect information about the general condition of the patient, assess the psychomotor and physical development of the patient, the condition of the maxillofacial organs, evaluate information on the diagnosis based on the results of laboratory and instrumental studies (according to the list 5)
- PLO3 To prescribe and analyse additional (mandatory and optional) methods of examination (laboratory, radiological, functional and/or instrumental) according to the list of 5, patients with diseases of organs and tissues of the oral cavity and maxillofacial area for differential diagnosis of diseases (according to the list 2).
- PLO4 Determine the final clinical diagnosis in accordance with the relevant ethical and legal standards, by making an informed decision and logical analysis of the obtained subjective and objective data of clinical, additional examination, differential diagnosis under the supervision of a supervising physician in a medical institution (according to list 2.1)
- PLO5 To diagnose emergency conditions under any circumstances (at home, on the street, in a medical institution), in an emergency situation, martial law, lack of information and limited time (according to list 4)
- PLO14 To establish the diagnosis of emergency conditions under any circumstances (at home, on the street, in a medical institution), in an emergency situation, martial law, lack of information and limited time (according to the list 4)
- PLO15 Assess the impact of the environment on the health of the population in a medical institution using standard methods
- PLO20 Organise the necessary level of individual safety (own and persons under care) in case of typical dangerous situations in the individual field of activity
- PLO21 Perform medical manipulations on the basis of preliminary and/or final clinical diagnosis (lists 2, 2.1) for different segments of the population and in different conditions (list 6).

#### As a result of studying the discipline, the higher education applicant must:

**Know:** etiology, epidemiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis, differential diagnosis, treatment, prevention of common infectious diseases.

#### Be able:

- communicate with the patient, collect complaints, life and disease history, epidemiological history, conduct a survey of organs and systems;
- conducting a physical examination of the patient and determining the main symptoms of the disease;
- analyze the results of laboratory, functional and instrumental research.
- carry out differential diagnosis and substantiate the clinical diagnosis.
- -determine tactics and provide emergency medical aid in emergency situations
- determine the nature and principles of treatment on the basis of a preliminary clinical diagnosis, observing relevant ethical and legal norms, by making a reasoned decision according to existing algorithms and standard schemes.
- determination of primary and secondary prevention measures.

# 3. CONTENTS OF THE COURSE "INFECTIOUS DISEASES" Specialty 221 "Dentistry"

Content module 1.

Introduction to the course of of infectious diseases

#### Infectious diseases with fecal-oral transmission mechanism

(8 hours/0.27 credits: lectures - 2, practical classes - 2, SSW - 4)

# Topic 1. The concept of the infectious process. General characteristics of intestinal infections

The place of the discipline "Infectious diseases" in the system of medical knowledge. Classification of infectious diseases. Features of infectious diseases. Principles of diagnosis and treatment of infectious diseases. Preventive measures and principles of immunoprophylaxis of infectious diseases.

Place of infectious diseases with fecal-oral transmission mechanism in the structure of infectious diseases. Epidemiological, pathogenetic and clinical features of intestinal infectious diseases. Modern methods of laboratory diagnostics. Indications for hospitalization and rules for discharge of patients from an infectious hospital.

Typhoid. Salmonellosis. Shigellosis. Cholera. Food toxic infections. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention.

### Topic 2. Dehydration shock in the clinic of infectious diseases

Dehydration shock in the clinic of infectious diseases: definition of the concept; various degrees of dehydration. Differential diagnosis of dehydration shock with shock states of other genesis. Principles of treatment, emergency care for patients at the pre-hospital stage

## **Topic 3. Helminth infections**

Helminth infections: general characteristics, etiology, epidemiology, classification, clinic, diagnosis, treatment and prevention.

#### Content module 2.

#### Infectious diseases with an airborne mechanism of transmission

#### Topic 4. General characteristics of respiratory tract infections

Infectious diseases that occur with respiratory syndrome: influenza, parainfluenza, adenovirus infection, coronavirus, rhinovirus infection, and others. Etiology, epidemiology, clinic, diagnosis, principles of treatment, prevention.

False croup: definition, pathogenesis, stages, clinical and laboratory diagnosis, principles of treatment, emergency care for patients at the prehospital stage

#### Topic 5. Meningeal syndrome in the clinic of infectious diseases. Meningococcal infection

Meningeal syndrome in the clinic of infectious diseases: Pathogenesis of meningeal syndrome. Definition of the terms "meningism" and "meningitis". Etiology, pathogenesis, classification of meningitis. Clinical and laboratory diagnostics. Differential diagnosis of serous and purulent meningitis of various etiologies. Principles of treatment and prevention

Meningococcal infection. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention

#### Topic 6. Infectious-toxic shock in the clinic of infectious diseases

Infectious-toxic shock in the clinic of infectious diseases: definition of the concept; modern views on pathogenesis; classification; clinical and laboratory diagnostics; principles of treatment; emergency care for patients at the pre-hospital stage

#### Topic 7. Diphtheria

Diphtheria. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention

True croup: definition, pathogenesis, stages, clinical and laboratory diagnosis, principles of treatment, emergency care for patients at the prehospital stage

#### Topic 8. "Children's" droplet infections in adults

"Children's" droplet infections in adults: measles, rubella, epidemic parotitis, scarlet fever. Etiology. Epidemiology. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention. Features of the course in adults.

### **Topic 9. Herpesvirus infections**

Herpesvirus infections: HSV, VZV, EBV, CMV. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention.

# Content module 3. Viral hepatitis. HIV infection

#### Topic 10. Viral hepatitis with fecal-oral transmission mechanism

General characteristics of viral hepatitis. Acute viral hepatitis A and E. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Peculiarities of the clinical course of hepatitis. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention. Peculiarities of infection in the conditions of dental practice. Planned and emergency prevention of infectious diseases. Individual prevention

#### Topic 11. Acute viral hepatitis with a parenteral transmission mechanism

Viral hepatitis with a parenteral transmission mechanism: viral hepatitis B, C, D. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Peculiarities of the clinical course of hepatitis. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention. Peculiarities of infection in the conditions of dental practice. Planned and emergency prevention. Individual prevention

### **Topic 12. HIV infection**

HIV infection/AIDS. HIV-associated diseases accompanied by damage to the mucous membrane of the oral cavity: herpes virus infection; mycoses (candidiasis, histoplasmosis, cryptococcosis). Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention

#### Content module 4.

"Infectious diseases with wound and multiple transmission mechanisms"

#### **Topic 13. Quarantine infections**

Quarantine infections: plague, yellow fever, hemorrhagic fevers of Lassa, Marburg, Ebola, natural smallpox. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention.

Anti-epidemic measures when identifying a patient with EDI. Measures for emergency personal prevention of infection.

#### 4. The structure of the academic discipline

			Hot	ırs		
			i	ncluding		
Topics	Total	Lectures	Seminars	Practical classes	Laboratory	SSW
Content module 1.						

Introduction to the course of infectious diseases						
Infectious diseases with fecal-or			1			
Topic 1. The concept of the infectious process. General	4	2	0	2	0	0
characteristics of intestinal infections						
Topic 2. Dehydration shock in the clinic of infectious	2	0	0	0	0	2
diseases						
Topic 3. Helminth infections	2	0	0	0	0	2
Total including content module 1	8	2	0	2	0	4
Content me	odule 2.					
Infectious diseases with an airborn	ne mecha	anism o	f transı	mission		
Topic 4. General characteristics of respiratory tract infections	4	2	0	0	0	2
Topic 5. Meningeal syndrome in the clinic of infectious diseases. Meningococcal infection	2	0	0	2	0	0
Topic 6. Infectious-toxic shock in the clinic of	2	0	0	0	0	2
infectious diseases						
Topic 7. Diphtheria	2	0	0	2	0	0
Topic 8. "Children's" droplet infections in adults	2	0	0	2	0	0
Topic 9. Herpesvirus infections	2	0	0	0	0	2
Total including content module 2	14	2	0	6	0	6
Content me	odule 3.					
Viral hepatitis. F	IIV infec	ction				
Topic 10. Viral hepatitis with fecal-oral transmission mechanism.	2	0	0	0	0	2
Topic 11. Acute viral hepatitis with a parenteral transmission mechanism	2	0	0	2	0	0
Topic 12. HIV infection	2		0	2	0	0
Total including content module 3	6	0	0	4	0	2
Content me			<u> </u>			
"Infectious diseases with wound and m	_		sms tra	nsmissio	n ''	
Topic 13. Quarantine infections	2	0	0	2	0	0
Total including content module 4	2	0	0	2	0	0
Total	30	4	0	16	0	10

# ${\bf 5.\ Topics\ of\ lectures/seminars/practical/laboratory\ classes}$

**5.1. Topics of lectures** 

$N_{\underline{0}}$	Topics	Hours
1	Lecture 1. The concept of the infectious process. General characteristics of	2
	intestinal infections	
2	Lecture 2. General characteristics of respiratory tract infections	2
	Total	4

# **5.2.** Topics of seminar classes

Seminar classes are not provided

# **5.3.** Topics of practical classes

No	Topics	Hours	
	$\mathbf{r}$		

1	Topic 1. The concept of the infectious process. General characteristics of intestinal infection	2
2	Topic 5. Meningeal syndrome in the clinic of infectious diseases. Meningococcal infection	2
3	Topic 7. Diphtheria	2
4	Topic 8. "Children's" droplet infections in adults	2
5	Topic 11. Acute viral hepatitis with a parenteral transmission mechanism	2
6	Topic 12. HIV infection	2
7	Topic 13. Quarantine infections	2
T	OTAL	14

#### 5.4. Topics of laboratory classes

Laboratory classes are not provided

### 6. Self-study work of higher education acquirer

No	Topic	Hours
1	Topic 1. Preparation for thematic lesson 2 on the topic "Dehydration shock in the clinic of infectious diseases"	2
2	Topic 2. Preparation for thematic lesson 3 on the topic "Helmintoses"	2
3	Topic 3. Preparation for thematic lesson 4 on the topic "General characteristics of respiratory tract infections"	2
4	Topic 3. Preparation for thematic lesson 6 on the topic "Infectious-toxic shock in the clinic of infectious diseases"	2
5	Topic 4. Preparation for thematic lesson 9 on the topic "Herpesvirus infections"	2
6	Topic 5. Preparation for thematic lesson 10 on the topic "Viral hepatitis with fecal oral transmission mechanism"	2
	TOTAL	12

Note\* classroom work - 66%, SSW - 33%.

#### 7. Teaching methods

In the process of teaching the discipline, various teaching methods are used:

- 1) *verbal methods:* lectures, educational narrative, conversation, educational discussion (they allow you to clarify the key issues of the topic of practical/clinical classes and integrate the students' survey into the process of theoretical analysis), instruction, work with methodological developments, methodological manuals, textbooks;
- 2) *visual methods:* demonstration of multimedia materials using an LCD screen on the topics of clinical practice, as well as work at the patient's bedside (analysis of clinical cases during a visit to the department or using an electronic database);
- 3) *practical methods:* exercise (solving a situational clinical problem with a diagnosis, its justification and answering questions to it; practical work at the patient's bedside with clinical analysis and open discussion.

Types of educational activities of students according to the curriculum are:

a) lectures, b) practical classes, c) independent work of students (SSW).

Thematic plans of lectures, practical classes and SSW ensure the implementation in the educational process of all topics that are part of the content sections.

The topics of **the lecture course** reveal problematic issues of the corresponding sections on infectious diseases. The lecture course uses didactic tools as much as possible (multimedia

presentations, slides, educational films, demonstration of thematic patients). The lecture and practical stages of students' education are composed mainly in such a way that the lectures precede the corresponding practical classes.

**Practical classes** (approximate duration of 2 hours) are held at the clinical facilities of the department. The methodology for organizing clinical practical classes on infectious diseases requires the following:

- to make the student a participant in the process of providing medical care to patients from the moment of their hospitalization, examination, diagnosis, treatment until discharge from the hospital;
- master professional practical skills: skills of working in a team of students, doctors, other participants in the provision of medical care;
- to form the student's responsibility as a future specialist according to the level of his training, its improvement during training and professional activity.

**Self-study work:** independent work with recommended basic and additional literature, with electronic information resources, independent mastering of algorithms for communication with the patient.

Tasks for self-study work in the form of questions from the list of SSW topics are included in the oral interview, written work (during the clinical session).

# 8. Forms of control and evaluation methods (including criteria for evaluating learning outcomes)

Current monitoring of the success of students' learning is carried out during practical training on the basis of theoretical knowledge and practical skills and abilities, for which the following forms of control are used

- oral survey;
- blitz survey;
- control of practical skills (work at the patient's bedside) control by the teacher, self-control;
- control of solving a situational clinical problem with a diagnosis, its justification and answers to questions at the end of the class (written control);
- oral/written answers to questions on SRS topics in accordance with the calendar and thematic plan;
  - assessment of activity in the classroom.

The grade for one practical lesson is the arithmetic mean of all components and can only have an integer value (5, 4, 3, 2), which is rounded according to the statistical method.

#### Final control: credit.

## **Evaluation of current learning activities in a practical / seminar / laboratory class:**

- **1.** Assessment of theoretical knowledge on the topic of the lesson:
- methods: a) survey, b) oral/written answers, c) solving a situational clinical problem;
- maximum grade 5, minimum grade 3, unsatisfactory grade 2.
- 2. Assessment of work with a patient and practical skills on the topic of the class.
- Methods: a) assessment of communication skills with the patient,

- b) correctness of appointment and evaluation of laboratory and instrumental studies, c) compliance with the algorithm of differential diagnosis, d) justification of the clinical diagnosis, e) preparation of a treatment plan.
  - maximum mark 5, minimum mark 3, unsatisfactory mark 2.

#### Current evaluation criteria in practical training

Grade	Evaluation criteria
Excellent «5»	The acquirer has a fluent command of the material, takes an active part in
	discussing and solving a situational clinical problem, confidently demonstrates
	practical skills during the examination of a patient and the interpretation of
	clinical, laboratory and instrumental research data, expresses his opinion on the
	topic of the lesson, demonstrates clinical thinking.
Good «4»	The acquirer has a good command of the material, participates in the discussion
	and solution of a situational clinical problem, demonstrates practical skills
	during the examination of a patient and the interpretation of clinical, laboratory
	and instrumental research data with some errors, expresses his opinion on the
	subject of the lesson, demonstrates clinical thinking.
Satisfactory	The acquirer does not have sufficient knowledge of the material, is unsure of
«3»	participating in the discussion and solving of the situational clinical problem,
	demonstrates practical skills during the examination of the patient and the
	interpretation of clinical, laboratory and instrumental research data with
	significant errors.
Unsatisfactory	The acquirer does not possess the material, does not participate in the
«2»	discussion and solution of the situational clinical problem, does not demonstrate
	practical skills during the examination of the patient and the interpretation of
	clinical, laboratory and instrumental research data.

Credit is awarded to an applicant who has completed all the tasks of the work program of the discipline, actively participated in practical classes, completed and defended an individual assignment and has a current average grade of at least 3.0 and has no academic debt.

The test is taken at the last lesson. The grade for the test is the arithmetic average of all components on a traditional four-point scale and has a value that is rounded according to the statistical method with two decimal places.

## 9. Distribution of points received by acquirers of higher education

The obtained grade point average for the discipline for students who have successfully completed the work program of the discipline is converted from the traditional four-point scale to points on a 200-point scale, as shown in the table:

#### Table of conversion of traditional grade into a multi-point scale

National assessment	The sum of points
for discipline	for the discipline
Excellent («5»)	185-200
Good («4»)	151-184
Satisfactory («3»)	120-150

Unsatisfactory («2»)	Lower then 120
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A multi-point scale (200-point scale) characterizes the actual performance of each student in mastering the educational component. The conversion of the traditional grade (grade point average for a discipline) into a 200-point scale is performed by the University's Information Technology Department.

According to the points obtained on a 200-point scale, the achievements of applicants are evaluated according to the ECTS rating scale. Further ranking according to the ECTS rating scale allows to evaluate the achievements of applicants in the educational component who study in one course of one specialty, according to the points they received.

The ECTS scale is a relative and comparative rating scale that establishes the applicant's belonging to the group of the best or worst among the reference group of fellow students (faculty, specialty). Grade A on the ECTS scale cannot be equal to grade A, and grade B cannot be equal to grade B, etc. When converting from a multi-point scale, the limits of grades "A", "B", "C", "D", "E" on the ECTS scale do not coincide with the limits of grades "5", "4", "3" on the traditional scale. Applicants who have received grades "FX" and "F" ("2") are not included in the list of ranked applicants. The grade "FX" is assigned to applicants who have scored the minimum number of points for current academic activities, but who have not been credited with the final control. The grade "F" is assigned to applicants who have attended all classes in the discipline, but have not gained an average score (3.00) for current academic activities and are not allowed to take the final control.

Acquirers enrolled in the same course (one specialty), based on the number of points gained in the discipline, are ranked on the ECTS scale as follows:

# Conversion of the traditional grade from the discipline and the sum of points on the ECTS scale

ECTS mark	Statistic index
"A"	Next 10% of acquirers
"B"	Next 25% of acquirers
"C"	Next 30% of acquirers
"D"	Next 25% of acquirers
"E"	Next 10% of acquirers

# 10. Methodological support

- Working program of the academic discipline
- Syllabus
- -Methodical developments for lecture classes
- -Methodical developments for practical classes
- -Methodical recommendations for independent work of students of higher education
- Multimedia presentations
- Illustrative materials
- -Situational clinical tasks
- -Situational results of laboratory examinations
- Scenarios of role-playing games (if necessary)
- Presentations and lecture notes

#### 11. Questions for preparing for the final inspection

#### **General part:**

- 1. The concept of the infectious process. Features of infectious diseases.
- 2. Classification of infectious diseases
- 3. Features of diagnosis and treatment of infectious diseases
- 4. General characteristics of intestinal infections
- 5. General characteristics of infectious diseases of the respiratory tract

#### **Special part:**

- 1. Typhoid fever. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 2. Salmonellosis. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 3. Cholera. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 4. Influenza. Etiology. Epidemiology. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 5. Adenovirus infection. Etiology. Epidemiology. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 6. Meningococcal nasopharyngitis. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 7. Diphtheria. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 8. Measles. Etiology. Epidemiology. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention. Features of the course in adults
- 9. Acute hepatitis A. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 10. Acute hepatitis E. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 11. Acute hepatitis B. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention. Peculiarities of infection in the conditions of dental practice
- 12. Acute hepatitis C. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 13. HIV infection. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 14. Plague. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention
- 15. Yellow fever. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Pathogenesis. Clinic. Diagnostics. Treatment. Prevention

#### 12. Recommended literature

#### Main literature

1. Infectious Diseases: textbook (IV a. l.) / O.A. Holubovska, M.A. Andreichyn, A.V. Shkurba, T.V. Chaban et al. K. BCB «Медицина», 2018. (APPROVED by the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine as a textbook for students of higher medical educational establishments; APPROVED by the Ministry of Health of Ukraine as a textbook for students

- of higher medical educational establishments) -664 с. +12 с. кольор. вкл. ; двокольор. вид. ISBN 978-617-505-727-8.
- 2. Pediatric Infectious Diseases: textbook / S.O. Kramarov, O.B. Nadraga, L.V. Pypa et al.; edited by S.O. Kramarov, O.B. Nadraga. 4th edition. Kyiv: AUS Medicine Publishing, 2020. 240 p.
- 3. General epidemiology: study guide (IV a. l.) / N.O. Vynograd. 3rd edition, corrected K: BCB «Медицина», 2017. 128 с.Hagberg H., Wennerholm U.B., Savman K. // Current Opinion in Infection Diseaie». 2015. Vol. № 3. P. 301-306.
- 4. Harrison's Principles of internal medicine. 19th edition /edited by Anthony S. Fauci, Dennis L Kasper, Dan L. Longo [et all]. New York. 2017. 1307 p.

#### Additional

- 1. Comprehensive Textbook of Infectious Disease: M. I. Sahadulla, S. A. Udman. 2rd edition. Jaypee Brothers, Medical Publishers Pvt. Limited, 2019 835 p.
- 2. Атлас дитячих інфекційних хвороб. Червона Книга = Red Book® Atlas of Pediatric Infectious Diseases: пер. 3-го англ. вид. : двомов. вид. / Керол Дж. Бейкер ; наук. ред. пер. проф. С.О. Крамарьов ; пер. з англ. Л.В. Закордонець. К. : BCB «Медицина», 2019. 744 с. Tropical infections: manual/ed. MA Andreychyn, VD Moskaliuk. Lviv: "Magnolia 2006", 2019. 220 р.
- 3. Tropical infections: manual/ed. MA Andreychyn, VD Moskaliuk. Lviv: "Magnolia 2006", 2019. 220 p.
- 4. Інфекційні хвороби: Підручник / Є.В. Нікітін, М.А. Андрейчин, К.Л. Сервецький, В.О. Качор, А.М. Головченко, Є.М. Усиченко: За ред. Є.В. Нікітіна та М.А. Андрейчина. Тернопіль: Укрмедкнига, 2004. 364 с. ISBN 966-673-012-X

Information resource: https://library.odmu.edu.ua/catalog/