## MINISTRY OF HEALTH OF UKRAINE

## **ODESA NATIONAL MEDICAL UNIVERSITY**

## **International faculty**

## Department of Family Medicine, General Practice and Polyclinic Therapy

## Syllabus of the academic discipline "ECG-diagnostics in the practice of a family doctor"

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Amount	Total number of hours per discipline: 90 hours, 3 credits.
	Elective discipline.
	XI-XII semesters.
	6th year of study.
Days, time, place	According to the class assignments.
	Department of family medicine, general practice and polyclinic
	therapy
	Odesa, str. Pishonivska, 1, Premises base of the Department of
	Family Medicine and Polyclinic Therapy, 5th floor.
Teacher(s)	Tsyunchyk Yu. H. PhD in Medicine, Associate Professor
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	Face-to-face consultations: from 2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. every
	Thursday, from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. every Saturday
	Online consultations: from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. every
	Thursday, from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. every Saturday. The link
	to the online consultation is provided to each group during
	classes separately.

## **COMMUNICATION**

Communication with the student will be conducted in the classroom (face-to-face). During distance learning, communication is carried out through the Microsoft Teams platform, as well as through e-mail correspondence, and Viber or Telegram messengers (through groups created in Viber or Telegram for each group, separately through the head of the group).

## **COURSE ANNOTATION**

The subject of the study of the discipline is the peculiarities of the assessment of electrocardiological research in normal conditions and in cardiovascular and extracardiac pathology.

Prerequisites and post-requisites of the discipline (place of the discipline in the educational program):

*Prerequisites:* Ukrainian language (by professional direction), foreign language (by professional direction), Latin language and medical terminology, medical and biological physics, human anatomy, histology, physiology, life safety; basics of electrophysiology, pathomorphology, pathophysiology, pharmacology, cardiology.

*Post-requisites:* general practice - family medicine, internal medicine, cardiology, gastroenterology, endocrinology, infectious diseases, epidemiology and principles of evidence-based medicine, anesthesiology and intensive care, emergency and critical care.

The purpose is acquisition of additional knowledge and mastering of professional competences and skills of electrocardiogram interpretation; registration, evaluation of ECG data, using the ECG in diagnosis, differential diagnosis and determining the treatment approach.

The tasks of the discipline are the following:

- 1. Formation of skills and abilities to evaluate a normal electrocardiographic curve.
- 2. Formation of skills and abilities to evaluate ECG data in the case of heart rhythm and conduction disorders, insufficiency of blood supply to the heart, electrolyte disorders in the body of various origins.
- 3. Improving the skills of substantiation of clinical diagnosis, differential diagnosis using the ECG.
- 4. Mastering the ability to determine the tactics of emergency care, management, treatment and prevention of the most common diseases of the cardiovascular system under the control of an ECG study.

Expected results:

As a result of studying the discipline, the student has to

Know

algorithms for analyzing the electrocardiogram in normal and pathological conditions. *Be able:* 

- to register an electrocardiogram
- to evaluate the parameters of the electrocardiographic curve
- to carry out a clinical evaluation of the ECG according to standard methods
- to carry out differential diagnosis and substantiate the clinical diagnosis using ECG data
- to determine the tactics of management of the patient and provide emergency medical care in case of emergencies, the need for hospitalization
- to keep medical documentation

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

Forms and methods of education

It will teach the discipline as practical classes (30 classroom hours) and organization of the student's independent work (90 hours).

*Teaching methods:* conversation, role-playing, solving clinical situational problems, tests, practicing the skills of working with an ECG.

The content of the educational discipline

## Content module 1. Basics of electrocardiography

## Theme 1. The anatomical and electrophysiological basis of the electrocardiography.

Clinical significance of the electrocardiography method. Characteristics of the main properties of the heart muscle. The essence and patterns of electrophysiological processes occurring in the myocardium. ECG recording technique. Proper 12-Lead ECG Placement.

Additional Lead placements. Components of ECG.

## Theme 2. Approach to ECG interpretation.

Heart rate. Examining the rhythm. ECG features of normal sinus rhythm. Determining the cardiac axis on the ECG. Origin and characteristics of waves and intervals of a normal electrocardiogram. ECG signs of atrial hypertrophy. ECG signs of ventricular hypertrophy.

#### Content module 2.

## ECG changes in the case of heart rhythm and conduction disorders

## Theme 3. Heart arrhythmias. ECG signs of ectopic rhythms.

Definition and classification of arrhythmias. Premature heart contractions: definition, classification. ECG signs of premature heart contractions. ECG signs of atrial rhythms.

## Theme 4. ECG signs of paroxysmal heart rhythm disorders. Atrial fibrillation and atrial flutter.

Paroxysmal tachycardia: definition, classification. ECG signs of different forms of supraventricular tachycardias. Atrial fibrillation: definition, forms, ECG signs. Paroxysmal ventricular tachycardia, ventricular flutter and ventricular fibrillation, ECG signs. The tactics of the family doctor in paroxysmal heart rhythm disorders.

## Theme 5. ECG signs of heart conduction disorders.

Heart blocks: types, characteristics. ECG signs of sinoatrial, interatrial, atrioventricular, intraventricular blocks. Wolff-Parkinson-White pattern. Lown-Ganong-Levine syndrome.

#### Content module 3.

# Electrocardiography in the diagnosis of diseases of the cardiovascular system and extracardiac pathology.

## Theme 6. ECG signs in case of inadequate blood supply to the heart.

ECG signs of ischemia, damage and necrosis of the myocardium. Acute coronary syndrome, symptoms, types. ECG findings of ST elevation-acute coronary syndrome (STE-ACS) and Non-ST elevation-acute coronary syndrome (NSTE-ACS). The evolution of electrocardiographic changes in ST-elevation myocardial infarction (STEMI). Localization of the occluded vessel in acute myocardial infarction.

## Theme 7. ECG diagnosis of the repolarization abnormalities.

Causes and main ECG signs of abnormal repolarization processes in the heart. Main characteristics and ECG pattern of early repolarisation syndrome, prolongation and shortening of the QT interval, Brugada syndrome. ECG changes in pericarditis.

## Theme 8. ECG changes in case of extracardiac pathology.

ECG changes due to electrolyte imbalance. ECG changes in pulmonary embolism. Electrocardiographic abnormalities in acute cerebrovascular events. ECG changes in case of the autonomic nervous system influence, with hypothermia.

#### RECOMMENDED LITERATURE

#### Basic:

- 1. The ECG. Made easy. Ninth edition / John Hampton, Joanna Hampton. Elsevier, 2019. 207 pages.
- 2. The ECG Made Practical / John Hampton, David Adlam Elsevier, 2019. 341 pages.
- 3. Family Medicine: in 3 books. Book 3. Special Part. Multidisciplinary General Medical Practice: textbook / O.M. Hyrina, L.M. Pasiyeshvili, L.S. Babinets et al. Kyiv, 616 P., 2020
- 4. Fred Kusumoto. ECG Interpretation. From Pathophysiology to Clinical Application. Second edition / Fred Kusumoto. Springer, 2020.

#### **Additional:**

- 1. 150 ECG Cases / John Hampton, David Adlam, Joanna Hampton Elsevier, 2019. 329 pages.
- 2. Anatomy of the cardiac conduction system. Pacing Clin Electrophysiol / Santosh K Padala, José-Angel Cabrera, Kenneth A Ellenbogen NIH, PubMed, Sensors (Basel), 2021 Jan; 44(1):15-25. doi: 10.1111/pace.14107. URL: <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33118629/">https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33118629/</a>
- 3. EKG | ECG Interpretation Made Easy: An Illustrated Study Guide For Students To Easily Learn How To Read & Interpret ECG Strips Paperback NEDU LLC, 2021. 156 pages.
- 4. Electrocardiogram / Yasar Sattar, Lovely Chhabra StatPearls [Internet] Last Update: June 13, 2022. URL: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK549803/

## **EVALUATION**

Forms and methods of current control: oral survey, testing, assessment of performance of practical skills, solution of situational clinical tasks, assessment of activity in class.

Criteria of ongoing assessment at the practical class

Score	Assessment criterion
Excellent	The student participates actively in the seminar class. He/she demonstrates
«5»	profound knowledge and provides full and detailed answers. He/she participates
ļ	actively in discussing problem situations. He/she uses additional educational
	and methodological and scientific literature. The student knows how to form his
	attitude to a certain issue and conveys his/her attitude to the issue, gives
	appropriate examples. He/she knows how to find the most adequate forms of
	conflict resolution.
	The tests are completed in full, all 100% of the answers are correct, the answers
	to the open questions are complete and justified.
	The student freely solves situational tasks (including calculations), confidently
	demonstrates practical skills on the theme of seminar class and correctly
	interprets the data obtained. He/she expresses his own creative opinion on the
	theme, demonstrates creative thinking.
Good	The student participates in the seminar class. He/she have mastered the material
«4»	of the seminar class and shows the necessary knowledge, but answers the
	questions with some mistakes. He/she participates in discussing problem

	situations. He/she uses the basic educational and methodological and scientific literature. The student expresses his own opinion on the theme of seminar class.
	The tests are completed in full, not less than 70% of the answers are correct, the
	answers to the open questions are generally correct, but there are some mistakes in definitions.
	The student correctly solves situational tasks (including calculations), but
	admits minor inaccuracies and demonstrates more standardized practical skills
	on the theme of seminar class with correct interpretation of the received data.
	He/she expresses his own opinion on the theme, demonstrates creative thinking.
Satisfactory	The student sometimes participates in the seminar class. He/she partially
«3»	intervenes and asks questions, answers the questions with mistakes. He/she
	passively works in practical exercises. He/she demonstrates fragmentary
	knowledge of the conceptual apparatus and literary sources.
	The tests are completed in full, not less than 50% of the answers are correct, the
	answers to the open questions are illogical, with obvious significant errors in
	definitions.
	The student does not have sufficient knowledge of the material to solve
	situational problems (including calculations). He/she uncertainly demonstrates
	practical skills on the theme of seminar class and interprets the data with
	significant errors, does not express his/her opinion on the topic of the situational problem.
Unsatisfactory	The student does not participate in the seminar class, just observes the learning
«2»	process. He/she never speaks out or asks a question. He/she is disinterested in
	the study of the material. The student gives incorrect answers to questions,
	demonstrates poor knowledge of the conceptual apparatus and literary sources.
	The test has not been completed.
	The situation task has not been completed.

Forms and methods of final control:

Credit Test is considered, if the student has completed all the tasks of the working program of the educational discipline. He/she took actively participated in the practical exercises, and completed an individual task. The student has an average current rating of at least 3.0 and has no academic debt.

Possibility and conditions for obtaining additional (bonus) points: not provided.

## INDEPENDENT WORK OF STUDENTS

Independent work involves preparation for each practical class.

### EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE POLICY

*Deadline and re-take policy* 

- Absences of classes for non-respectable reasons are worked out according to the schedule of the teacher on duty.
- Absences due to valid reasons are processed according to an individual schedule with the permission of the dean's office.

Academic Integrity Policy:

Students must observe academic integrity, namely:

- independent performance of many works, tasks, forms of control provided for by the work program of this educational discipline;
- references to sources of information with using ideas, developments, statements, information;
  - compliance with the legislation on copyright and related rights;
- provision of reliable information about the results of one's own educational (scientific) activity, used research methods and sources of information.

Unacceptable in educational activities for participants of the educational process are:

- using family or official ties to get a positive or higher grade during any form of control of learning outcomes or academic performance;
- use of prohibited auxiliary materials or technical means (cheat sheets, notes, micro-earphones, telephones, smartphones, tablets, etc.) during control measures;
  - passing procedures for control of training results by fake persons.

For violation of academic integrity, students may be held to the following academic responsibility:

- a decrease in the results of an assessment of control work, assessment in class, credit, etc.;
  - retaking the assessment (control work, credit, etc.);
- appointment of additional control measures (additional individual tasks, control works, tests, etc.);
  - inspecting other works by the violator.

## Attendance and Tardiness Policy:

Uniform: a medical gown that completely covers the outer clothing, or medical pajamas, a cap, a mask, and a change of shoes.

Equipment: notebook, pen.

State of health: students suffering from acute infectious diseases, including respiratory diseases, are not allowed to attend classes.

A student who is late for class can attend it, but if the teacher has put "nb" in the journal, he must re-take it in the general order.

#### Mobile devices

Mobile devices may be used by students with the permission of the instructor if they are needed for the assignment.

### Behavior in the audience:

The behavior of students and teachers in the classrooms must work and calm, strictly comply with the rules established by the Regulations on academic integrity and ethics of academic relations at Odessa National Medical University, under the Code of Academic Ethics and University Community Relations of Odessa National Medical University, Regulations on Prevention and detection of academic plagiarism in the research and educational work of students of higher education, scientists and teachers of Odessa National Medical University.