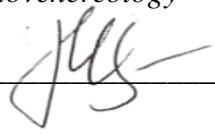


ODESSA NATIONAL MEDICAL UNIVERSITY
Department of Infectious Diseases with a course of Dermatovenereology

Head of the department _____



I APPROVE
 Tetyana Chaban
 01/14/2026

CALENDAR-THEMATIC PLAN OF PRACTICAL CLASSES
 from infectious diseases

for students of the 6 year 2 group of the international faculty, specialty 222 "Medicine"
 for the 2025-2026 academic year

No s/p	Date	The subject of the lesson	Lesson content	Volume per hour
1	07.04	General characteristics of zoonotic infections	The place of zoonotic infections in the structure of infectious pathology. Epidemiological, pathogenetic and clinical features of zoonoses. The procedure for examination, hospitalization, and discharge of patients from an infectious hospital. Peculiarities of maintaining medical documentation.	2 practice session
2	07.04	Plague. Anthrax	Etiology, epidemiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinical course, diagnosis, differential diagnosis, complications, prognosis. Principles of treatment. Procedure for hospitalization, rules for discharge of patients from the hospital. Preventive measures. Principles of prevention	2 practice session
3	07.04	Brucellosis. Tularemia	Etiology, epidemiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinical course, laboratory diagnosis, differential diagnosis, complications, prognosis, treatment, treatment tactics in case of emergency conditions. Procedure for hospitalization, rules for discharge of patients from the hospital. Preventive measures	2 practice session
4	08.04	Rabies	Rabies. Epidemiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinical course, diagnosis, differential diagnosis, prognosis. Principles of treatment, medical assistance to patients at the pre-hospital stage, treatment tactics.	2 practice session
5	08.04	Especially dangerous diseases. The concept of biosafety. Hemorrhagic fevers: Ebola, Lassa, Marburg	Marburg, Ebola, Lassa fever: etiology, epidemiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinical course, laboratory diagnosis, differential diagnosis, complications, prognosis. Principles of treatment and prevention. Treatment tactics in case of emergency conditions. Procedure for hospitalization, rules for discharge of patients from the hospital	2 practice session
6	08.04	Natural and monkey pox	Natural and monkey pox. Historical data. Topicality. Etiology, epidemiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinical course, laboratory diagnosis, differential diagnosis, complications, prognosis. Principles of treatment and prevention. Victory over smallpox as an example of effective and successfully organized immunoprophylaxis.	2 practice session
7	09.04	Differential diagnosis of diseases with diarrheal syndrome	Acute infectious diseases with diarrhea syndrome: salmonellosis, shigellosis, food poisoning, botulism. Examination of the patient at the pre-hospital stage. Indications for sending the patient to the hospital. Primary anti-epidemic measures in the center of infection	2 practice session
8	09.04	Differential diagnosis of diseases with diarrheal syndrome	Acute infectious diseases with diarrhea syndrome: escherichia, campylobacteriosis, cholera, yersiniosis, viral diarrhea, parasitic lesions of the intestines. Examination of the patient at the pre-hospital stage. Indications for sending the patient to the hospital. Primary anti-epidemic measures in the center of infection	2 practice session
9	09.04	Differential	Epidemiological and clinical features of influenza and	2

		diagnosis of diseases with respiratory syndrome	SARS. Methods of express diagnosis, treatment and prevention. Acute respiratory failure. Causes, clinical signs, emergency care	practice session
10	10.04	Differential diagnosis of diseases with jaundice syndrome	Clinical and pathophysiological characteristics of jaundice: suprahepatic, hepatic, subhepatic. Clinical and laboratory syndromes: cytolysis, cholestasis, mesenchymal-inflammatory. Infectious diseases, the course of which is accompanied by jaundice syndrome: viral hepatitis A, B, C, D, E. Laboratory diagnosis of jaundice. Methods of express diagnostics. Biochemical research. Markers of viral hepatitis. Indications for sending the patient to the hospital. Primary anti-epidemic measures. Acute hepatic encephalopathy. Causes, clinic, diagnosis, emergency care	2 practice session
11	10.04	Differential diagnosis of diseases with jaundice syndrome	Clinical and pathophysiological characteristics of jaundice: suprahepatic, hepatic, subhepatic. Clinical and laboratory syndromes: cytolysis, cholestasis, mesenchymal-inflammatory. Infectious diseases, the course of which is accompanied by jaundice syndrome: leptospirosis, infectious mononucleosis, yersiniosis, parasitic liver diseases, malaria. Laboratory diagnosis of jaundice. Methods of express diagnostics. Biochemical research. Indications for sending the patient to the hospital. Primary anti-epidemic measures.	2 practice session
12	10.04	Differential diagnosis of angina	Angina syndrome in infectious diseases. Characteristics of different types of angina. Clinic, laboratory diagnostics, treatment.	2 practice session
13	13.04	Differential diagnosis of diseases with meningeal syndrome	Meningeal syndrome in infectious diseases (meningococcal meningitis, viral serous meningitis, leptospirosis, yersiniosis, etc.) and non-infectious diseases (subarachnoid hemorrhage, traumatic brain injury). Medical assistance. Emergency aid.	2 practice session
14	13.04	Differential diagnosis of diseases with meningeal syndrome	Primary and secondary meningitis. Serous and purulent meningitis. Features of clinical manifestations. Methods of laboratory diagnostics. Complication. Treatment and prevention. Edema-swelling syndrome of the brain. Causes, clinical signs, emergency care.	2 practice session
15	13.04	Differential diagnosis of exanthema	Characteristics of exanthema (spot, roseola, erythema, hemorrhage, papule, tubercle, nodule, blister, bubble, vesicle, pustule), morphology, time of appearance and dynamics. Acute infectious diseases with manifestations of exanthema: typhoid fever and typhoid fever, paratyphoid fever, meningococcemia, hemorrhagic fevers, dysentery. Clinical-epidemiological and laboratory diagnostics. Differential diagnosis of infectious and non-infectious exanthems (skin diseases, medicinal disease, skin manifestations in collagenoses, hemorrhagic diatheses). "Children's" droplet infections in adults. Vaccination schedule. Clinical course of measles, rubella, chicken pox, epidemic parotitis in adults. Rubella in pregnant women. Peculiarities of complications of "children's" droplet infections. Organization of treatment of adults at home (pathogenetic and symptomatic therapy, the need to prescribe antibiotics)	2 practice session
16	14.04	Lyme borreliosis. Erysipelas	Lyme borreliosis. Actuality. Etiology, epidemiology, pathogenesis, clinical manifestations, laboratory diagnosis, differential diagnosis, complications, prognosis. Principles of treatment and prevention. Erysipelas. Etiology, epidemiology, classification, pathogenesis, clinical course, diagnosis, differential diagnosis, complications, prognosis. Principles of treatment. Procedure for hospitalization, rules for discharge of patients from the hospital. Preventive measures	2 practice session

17	14.04	Differential diagnosis of lymphadenopathy	Lymphadenopathy syndrome in infectious diseases. Clinical manifestations, differential diagnosis and treatment.	2 practice session
18	14.04	HIV infection/AIDS	(AIDS, plague, tularemia, brucellosis, toxoplasmosis, rubella, infectious mononucleosis and others). HIV infection/AIDS. Historical data. Etiology. Epidemiology. Classification. Normative documents of the Ministry of Health of Ukraine, which regulate the procedure for voluntary testing, hospitalization, treatment of patients, preventive measures, as well as legal aspects regarding HIV infection. AIDS-associated infections. Clinical and epidemiological data for suspected HIV infection. Diagnosis at different stages of HIV infection: clinical, epidemiological, laboratory data. Treatment. Principles of prescribing HAART. Prevention	2 practice session
19	15.04	Differential diagnosis of diseases with prolonged fever syndrome	The main clinical manifestations of infectious diseases with prolonged fever (typhoid, paratyphoid, typhus and other rickettsioses, brucellosis, hemorrhagic fevers, leptospirosis, yersiniosis, sepsis and others). Principles of differential diagnosis, laboratory diagnosis. Differential diagnosis with tuberculosis and non-infectious diseases with prolonged fever	2 practice session
20	15.04	Malaria	The causative agents of human malaria. The development cycle of parasites. Features of immunity. Pathogenesis of disease attack, anemia, malarial coma, hemoglobinuria. Pathogenesis of early and late relapses. Features of the clinical course of different forms of malaria. Complications of malaria: cerebral malaria, acute hemolysis, hemoglobinuria fever, renal failure. Treatment and prevention of malaria. The main antimalarial chemopreparations, their mechanism of action. Treatment of malarial coma and other complications. Therapy of malaria caused by chemoresistant forms of pathogens. Prevention.	2 practice session
Preparation for the exam				
	17.04	Exam		
In total				40 hours

Equipment: Tables. Thematic patients

Head of the educational part of the department Nataliia VERBA

Nataliia VERBA